

平成 31 年 度

平成 31 年 1 月 27 日 実施

入 学 試 験 問 題

(看護学科 3 年課程)

コミュニケーション英語 I

◎指示があるまで開いてはいけません

注 意

- 1 解答用紙には、受験番号・志望校名が印刷されているので、あなたの解答用紙かどうかを確認すること。
なお、氏名欄、志望校名欄には、氏名、志望校名を漢字で正確に記入すること。
- 2 この問題は、表紙を除いて1ページから12ページまでであるので確かめること。
- 3 試験の時間は、11時30分から12時15分までの45分とする。
- 4 解答には、B又はHBの鉛筆を使うこと。(シャープペンシルは不可)
- 5 問題は、5肢択一式により出題されている。解答方法は、次のとおりとする。
 - (1) 5肢択一式問題の正解は、各問題とも1つである。解答用紙の所定のマーク欄に、正解の番号を1つだけマークすること。2つ以上マークされている場合は無得点とする。
 - (2) 解答用紙の〔記入上の注意〕をよく読んでマークすること。

例〔問1〕日本の首都は次のうちのどれか。

- ① 京都 ② 福岡 ③ 東京 ④ 大阪 ⑤ 神戸

正解は「③ 東京」であるから解答用紙のその問題番号の次にならんでいる
マーク欄 ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ の中の ③ を鉛筆で ● のように
マークして ① ② ● ④ ⑤ とすればよい。

(良い) ●	(悪い)	{	⊕ ⊖
			⊙ ⊗
			⊙ ⊗

(良い) のようにマークする。
(悪い) のようだと機械で読み取れない
ことがある。

既にマークした解答を消す場合は、プラスチック消しゴムでよく消すこと。

コミュニケーション英語 I

1 各問の対話文の空所に当てはまるものとして最も適切なものは、次のうちのどれか。

[問 1] (学生同士の対話)

A : Where shall we meet?

B : How about the East Exit of Shinjuku Station?

A : OK. What time?

B : How about three o'clock?

A : () How about five o'clock?

B : That's fine. See you later.

- ① I can be there.
- ② That's too early.
- ③ That sounds good.
- ④ I want to meet earlier.
- ⑤ That's too late.

[問 2] (ホテルにて, 電話で)

A : This is Room 1210. ()

B : What's wrong, sir?

A : The TV doesn't work. Could you check it right away, please?

B : Certainly.

- ① I have a complaint.
- ② I like to watch comedy movies.
- ③ Something is wrong with his phone.
- ④ I want to lend you a TV.
- ⑤ Who is calling?

[問 3] (講演が終わって)

A : Did you attend the teacher's lecture?

B : Yes, I was there.

A : Did you understand his explanation?

B : No, ()

A : Really? I understood it.

B : Can you explain it to me?

- ① it was a piece of cake.
- ② let's split the bill.
- ③ I had a lot of fun.
- ④ it was all Greek to me.
- ⑤ it's my treat.

[問 4] (車の中で)

A : According to the GPS, we need to turn right at the next corner . . .

The hall should be somewhere on the right. Look out for a sign . . .

B : There! West Hall.

C : Oh no. ()

A : Not to worry. I can make a U-turn.

- ① I made a sign.
- ② We are out of gas.
- ③ We made the turn.
- ④ You hit a tree.
- ⑤ We missed the turn.

[問 5] (友人間の会話, 電話で)

A : How are you doing?

B : Not so good, actually. I've been sick since last night.

A : That's too bad. Did you see a doctor?

B : No, I didn't. It was too far to walk.

A : () I would have driven you.

B : I didn't want to bother you.

- ① I have to take some medicine.
- ② You should call me.
- ③ You could have given me a ring.
- ④ I will give you a ring.
- ⑤ I must go now.

2 次の文を読み、後の問いに答えなさい。

A poor little girl lived in a small, very simple house on a hill. Most days, she played in the house's small garden. (A) she grew taller, she could see over the garden fence, across the valley to a wonderful house high on a hill. The house had golden windows. The shining windows were so golden (B) the girl dreamed of how magic it would be to live there instead of in an ordinary house like hers.

And although she loved her parents and her family, she began to admire the house with the golden windows more and more. It became her custom to gaze at the house every day, rain or shine. “ (C) [does / furniture / have / house / kind / of / the / what] ? Does it have a lot of pretty dresses? I want to go there some day,” she thought.

One day, when she was a little older, she asked her mother if she could go for a bike ride outside the gate and down the lane. Her mother said she could go, but (D) she made the girl promise not to go too far. The day was beautiful and the girl knew exactly where she was heading! She rode her bike down the lane and across the valley, until she got to the gate of the house with the golden windows, high on the hill.

She leaned her bike against the gate post, and looked at the path that led to the house, and then at the house itself. But, oh, the windows were all plain and rather dirty, and (E) they were reflecting nothing but the sad neglect of a house that had been forgotten.

The girl turned with a broken heart, and got on her bike. As she glanced up, she saw a surprising sight. There, across the valley, was a little house and its windows were bright gold as the sun shone down . . . on her little home.

She realized that she had always been living in a house with golden windows and that all the love and care she found there was what made her home the “golden house.” Everything she had always wanted was right there in front of her nose.

出典 『英語で心いやされるちょっといい話』(株式会社アルク)より

注) magic 素晴らしい

[問 6] 空所 (A), (B) にあてはまる組み合わせとして最も適切なものは, 次のうちのどれか。

- | (A) | (B) |
|------------|---------|
| ① As | that |
| ② Although | and |
| ③ If | because |
| ④ If | and |
| ⑤ As | because |

[問 7] 下線部 (c) [does / furniture / have / house / kind / of / the / what] の[] 内の語を正しく並び替えたとき, 前から 3 番目と 6 番目に来る語の組み合わせとして最も適切なものは, 次のうちのどれか。なお, 文頭に来るべき語も小文字で始まっている。

- | 3 番目 | 6 番目 |
|---------|------|
| ① does | have |
| ② of | the |
| ③ house | kind |
| ④ does | kind |
| ⑤ house | have |

[問 8] 下線部 (D) と意味が最も近いものとして最も適切なものは、次のうちのどれか。

- ① her mother made her a promise not to go too far
- ② her mother did not make her a promise not to go too far
- ③ the girl made her mother a promise not to go too far
- ④ the girl did not make her mother a promise not to go too far
- ⑤ both the girl and her mother made a promise not to go too far

[問 9] 下線部 (E) が表している状況として最も適切なものは、次のうちのどれか。

- ① the girl could not find any spots on the windows
- ② the house had been taken care of very well
- ③ the girl noticed that a poor family lived there
- ④ the residents of the house no longer seemed unhappy
- ⑤ the house seemed to have been neglected for a long time

[問 10] 本文の内容と一致するものとして最も適切なものは、次のうちのどれか。

- ① 少女は、家の手入れは大切に行うべきことを学んだ。
- ② 少女の母親は、少女が自分探しの旅に出る許しを与えた。
- ③ 少女の母親は、少女にあの家には入らないことを約束させた。
- ④ 少女は、近くにある幸せにはなかなか気付かないものだということを悟った。
- ⑤ 少女の母親は、娘を喜ばせようとして、少女の留守中に窓を黄金色に塗った。

